SCHEME OF COURSE WORK

COURSE DETAILS:

Course Title	Control Systems
Course Code	13EE1105
Program	B.Tech
Branch	Electrical & Electronics Engineering
Semester	III
Prerequisites	Mathematics-I, Mathematics-II and Basic Network Analysis
Course to which it is prerequisite	All Advanced Courses In Electrical Engineering

COURSE OUTCOMES:

co's	
1	Identify and evaluate the performance of basic open loop and closed loop control systems.
2	Apply and characterize the performance of feedback control systems in time-domain.
3	Analyze and test the performance of feedback control systems in frequency-domain.
4	Explain the concept of root locus, effects of controllers and design compensators.
5	Apply the concept of state-space to test the performance of LTI systems.

COURSE OUTCOME/PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

CO'S	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-11	PO-12
CO-1		S	S				S	Μ	М	Μ	М	
CO-2		S	S				S	Μ	М	Μ	М	
CO-3		S	S				S	Μ	Μ	Μ	М	
CO-4		S	S				S	М	М	Μ	М	
C0-5		S	S				S	М	М	Μ	М	

Assessment Methods Assignments/Quiz/Mid Exam/Seminar/Viva-Voce/End Exam

TEACHING LEARNING AND EVALUATION

Wee	Topic/content	Course	Sample questions	Teaching-learning	Assesmen
k		outcom		stategy	t method
		es			&
					schedule
1	Unit-I	CO-1	1). Compare open loop	Lecture/discussion	Assignme
	Mathematical		and closed loop control		nt-1 &
	Modeling And		systems,		quiz-1
	Transfer		2). What are the effects		
	Function		of feedback		
	Representation				

	: Basic concept of simple control system – open loop – closed loop control systems. Effects of feedback. Types of feedback control systems – Liner time invariant, time variant systems and non linear control systems				
Wee k-2	Mathematical models and Transfer functions of Physical systems: Differential equations – Impulse response and transfer functions – translational and rotational mechanical systems. Block diagram algebra –	CO-1	 Define transfer function, derive transfer function of given mechanical or electrical system, Find the transfer function of a system given by block diagram 	Lecture/discussion/pr oblem solving	Assignme nt-1 & quiz-1
Wee k-3	signal flow graph – Mason's gain formulaCompon ents of control systems: DC servo motor – AC servo motor – synchro transmitter &Receiver:	CO-1 CO-2	1). using mason's gain formula, obtain $\frac{C(S)}{R(S)}$ ratio of figure shown below	Lecture/discussion/pr oblem solving	Assignme nt-1 & quiz-1

	unit-II		-#1		
	TIME		64 66		
	DOMAIN				
	ANALYSIS		67		
	AND		t the second sec		
	STABILITY:		-112 .		
	Standard test				
	signals,transient		2). Find the time		
	response of first		response of first order		
	order standard		system for standard test		
	test signals.		signals		
Wee	Transient	CO-2	1). Find the time	Lecture/discussion/pr	Assignme
k-4	response of		response of second	oblem solving	nt-1 &
	second order		order system for		quiz-1
	systems to		standard test signals,		
	standard test		2. Explain the concept		
	signals.Timedo		of steady state error		
	main		analysis		
	specifications -				
	steady state				
	response –				
	steady state				
	error and error				
	constants.				
	Effectof adding				
	poles and zeros				
	on over shoot,				
	rise time, band				
	width –				
	dominant poles				
	of transfer				
	functions.				
Wee	Stability	CO-2	1). the open loop	Lecture/discussion/pr	Assignme
k-5	analysis in the		transfer function of a	oblem solving	nt-1 &
	complex plane:		unity feedback is given		quız-l
	Absolute,		by		
	relative,				
	conditional,		G(s) =		
	bounded input –		K		
	bounded output,		(S+2)(S+4)(S ² +6S+25)		
	zero input		By applying Routh's		
	stability,		criterion. Determine the		
	conductions for		values of K which will		
	Livervite		cause sustained		
	-riurwitz		Oscillations in the		
	criterion.		closed loop systems.		

			What are the corresponding		
			oscillations frequencies		
Wee k-6	Unit-III FREQUENCY DOMAIN ANALYSIS: Introduction – correlation between time and frequency responses – polar plots	CO-3	1). Derive expressions for correlation between time and frequency responses. (2). Draw plot, and Determine the range of 'k' for which closed loop system is stable ? $G(S) = \frac{K}{S(S+2)(S+10)}$, H(s) =1	Lecture/discussion/pr oblem solving	Assignme nt-1 & quiz-1
Wee k-7	BODE plots,	CO-3	Draw the bode plot for the system having $G(s) = \frac{10}{s(1+0.015)(1+0.15)}$. Determine (i).the gain crossover frequency and corresponding phase margin. (ii). The phase cross frequency and corresponding gain margin	Lecture/discussion/pr oblem solving	Assignme nt-1 & quiz-1
Wee k-8	Nyquist stability criterion – Nyquist plots.	CO-3	1). Distinguish between polar plots and Nyquist plots.	Lecture/discussion/pr oblem solving	Assignme nt-1 & quiz-1
Wee k-9	MID TEST-1	CO- 1,CO- 2,CO-3			
Wee k-10	Assessment of relative stability using Nyquist criterion – closed loop frequency response.	Co-3	1).Draw nyquist plot, and Determine the range of 'k' for which closed loop system is stable ? $G(S) = \frac{K}{S(S+2)(S+10)}$	Lecture/discussion/pr oblem solving	Assignme nt-2 & quiz-2

			, H(s) = 1		
Wee k-11	Unit-IV ROOT LOCUS AND COMPENSAT ION TECHNIQUE S: Introduction – construction of root loci, Effect of addition of open loop poles and zeros, stability analysis	CO-4	1). A unity feedback system has an open loop transfer function $G(s) = \frac{k}{s(s^2 + 4s + 13)}$. Sketch the root locus plot and find the value of K for which the closed loop system be stable	Lecture/discussion/pr oblem solving	Assignme nt-2 & quiz-2
Wee k-12	Introduction to Compensation Techniques, design of Lead, Lag, and Lead Lag Compensators in frequency domain by Bode plot,	CO-4	1). Explain different compensation techniques 2). The open loop transfer function of an unity feedback control system is given by $G(s) = \frac{k}{s(s+8)}$. The system is to meet the following specifications: a. Velocity error K _v > 100 sec ⁻¹ b. Phase margin $\Phi_m \ge 50^0$ c. Gain margin $G_m \ge$ 20db. Design a suitable lead compensator	Lecture/discussion/pr oblem solving	Assignme nt-2 & quiz-2
Wee k-13	Controllers- P, I, D, PD, PI, PID	CO-4	1). Explain the effects of controllers on systems, problems	Lecture/discussion/pr oblem solving	Assignme nt-2 & quiz-2
Wee k-14	Unit-V STATE SPACE ANALYSIS:	CO-5	1), For the given transfer function find equivalent state space model	Lecture/discussion/pr oblem solving	Assignme nt-2 & quiz-2

	Concepts of state, state variables and state models – diagonalisation		$\frac{C(S)}{R(S)} = \frac{10}{(S+1)(S+2)(S+1)(S+2)(S+1)(S+1)(S+1)(S+1)(S+1)(S+1)(S+1)(S+1$		
Wee k-15	solution of state equations – state models for LTI systems- State Transition Matrix and it's Properties.	C0-5	1). a system represented by the state equation $X(t) = Ax(t)$ $X(t) \begin{bmatrix} e^{-2t} \\ -2e^{-2t} \end{bmatrix}$ when $X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$ And $X(t) \begin{bmatrix} e^{-t} \\ -e^{-t} \end{bmatrix}$ when $X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ Determine the system matrix A, and state transition matrix.	Lecture/discussion/pr oblem solving	Assignme nt-2 & quiz-2
Wee k-16	Concepts of controllability and Observability.	CO-5	 Explain the concept of controllability and observability Test whether the given system is completely state controllable, observable or not 	Lecture/discussion/pr oblem solving	Assignme nt-2 & quiz-2
Wee k-17	revision				
Wee	MID Exam-2	CO-			
k-18		3,CO- 4,CO-5			
Wee	End Exam	All			External
k-		co's			exam
19,2 0					