

## **MOMENTUM TRANSFER LAB**

## **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of the laboratory course, the student should be able to

- **CO 1** Identify and characterize flow patterns and regimes.
- CO 2 Discuss the differences among flow measurement techniques, their relevance and applications.
- CO 3 Demonstrate practical understanding of Bernoulli's equation.
- CO 4 Demonstrate practical understanding of frictional losses in internal flows.
- CO 5 Measure fluid pressure and its relation to velocity.\*Student should also submit a detailed report for all the above laboratory practicals.

## LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- Identification of laminar and turbulent flows.
   Major equipment Reynolds apparatus.
- Verification of Bernoulli's equation.
   Major equipment Bernoulli's Apparatus.
- 3. Variation of Orifice coefficient with Reynolds Number. Major equipment Orifice meter Assembly.
- Determination of Venturi coefficient.
   Major equipment Venturi meter Assembly.
- Friction losses in Fluid flow in pipes.
   Major equipment Pipe Assembly with provision for Pressure measurement.

- 6. Determination of minor losses for various pipe fittings.
  Major equipment- A pipe system with sudden contraction, sudden enlargement, bend and elbow.
- Pressure drop and void fraction in a fluidized bed.
   Major equipment-Fluidized bed with pressure drop measurement.
- 8. Studying the coefficient of contraction for a given open orifice.

  Major equipment Open Orifice Assembly.
- Studying the coefficient of contraction for a given Mouth Piece.
   Major equipment - Mouth Piece Assembly.
- 10. Studying the coefficient of discharge in a V-notch. Major equipment V-notch Assembly.
- 11. Studying the Characteristics of a centrifugal pump Major equipment Centrifugal Pump.
- Viscosity determination using Stoke's law.
   Major equipment Terminal Velocity determination column.
- 13. Determination of coefficient of impact on vanes.

  Major equipment- A Jet impinges on a flat plate, inclined plate and hemispherical dome.