SIGNAL DETECTION & ESTIMATION THEORY (ELECTIVE –I)

Course Code: 13EC2106 L P C 4 0 3

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, student is able to

CO1: Acquire basics of statistical decision theory used for signal detection and estimation.

CO2: Examine the detection of deterministic and random signals using statistical models.

CO3: Comprehend the elements and structure of nonparametric detection.

CO4: Examine the performance of signal parameters using optimal estimators.

CO5: Analyze signal estimation in discrete-time domain using filters.

UNIT-I

REVIEW OF RANDOM VARIABLES:

Review of Gaussian variables and processes; problem formulation and objective of signal detection and signal parameter estimation in discrete-time domain.

STATISTICAL DECISION THEORY:

Bayesian, minimax, and Neyman-Pearson decision rules, likelihood ratio, receiver operating characteristics, composite hypothesis testing, locally optimum tests, detector comparison techniques, asymptotic relative efficiency.

UNIT – II

DETECTION OF DETERMINISTIC SIGNALS:

Matched filter detector and its performance; generalized matched filter; detection of sinusoid with unknown amplitude, phase, frequency and arrival time, linear model.

DETECTION OF RANDOM SIGNALS:

Estimator-correlator, linear model, general Gaussian detection, detection of Gaussian random signal with unknown parameters, weak signal detection.

UNIT - III

NON PARAMETRIC DETECTION:

Detection in the absence of complete statistical description of observations, sign detector, Wilcoxon detector, detectors based on quantized observations, robustness of detectors.

UNIT – IV

ESTIMATION OF SIGNAL PARAMETERS:

Minimum variance unbiased estimation, Fisher information matrix, Cramer-Rao bound, Sufficientstatistics, minimum statistics, complete statistics; linear models; best linear unbiased estimation; maximum likelihood estimation, invariance principle; estimation efficiency; Bayesian Estimation: philosophy, nuisance parameters, risk functions, minimum mean square error estimation, maximum a posteriori estimation.

UNIT – V

SIGNAL ESTIMATION IN DISCRETE-TIME:

Linear Bayesian estimation, Weiner filtering, dynamical signal model, discrete Kalman filtering.

TEXT BOOKS:

- [1] H. L. Van Trees, "Detection, Estimation and Modulation Theory: Part I, II, and III", John Wiley, NY, 1968.
- [2] H. V. Poor, "An Introduction to Signal Detection and Estimation", Springer, 2/e, 1998.

REFERENCES:

- [1] M. Hays, "Statistical Digital Signal Processing and Modelling", John Willey and Sons, 1996.
- [2] Steven.M.Kay, "Fundamentals of Statistical Signal Processing:" Volume I Estimation Theory, Prentice Hall, USA, 1998.
- [3] Steven.M.Kay, "Fundamentals of Statistical Signal Processing:" Volume I Detection Theory, Prentice Hall, USA, 1998.
- [4] K.SamShanmugam, Arthur M Breiphol, "Random Signals: Detection, Estimation and Data Analysis", John Wiley & Sons, 1998.