2014

COMPUTATIONAL NUMBER THEORY

Course code: 13CS2202

L P C 4 0 3

Pre requisites: Number theory basics, Security issues.

Course Outcomes:

A Student Who Successfully Completes This Course Should, At a Minimum, be able to

- CO1: Develop the mathematical skills to solve number theory problems and to develop the mathematical skills of divisions, congruence's, and number functions.
- CO2: Learn the history of number theory and its solved and unsolved problems.
- CO3: Investigate applications of number theory and the use of computers in a Number theory.
- CO4: Estimate the time and space complexities of various Secure Algorithms.
- CO5: Learn various factorization and logarithmic methods.

UNIT-I

Topics in elementary number theory: O and Ω notations – time estimates for doing arithmetic – divisibility and the Euclidean algorithm – Congruence's: Definitions and properties – linear congruence's, residue classes, Euler's phi function

UNIT-II

Fermat's Little Theorem – Chinese Remainder Theorem – Applications to factoring – finite fields – quadratic residues and reciprocity: Quadratic residues – Legendre symbol – Jacobi symbol. Enciphering Matrices – Encryption Schemes – Symmetric and Asymmetric Cryptosystems – Cryptanalysis – Block ciphers –Use of Block Ciphers.

UNIT-III

Multiple Encryption – Stream Ciphers –Affine cipher – Vigenere, Hill, and Permutation Cipher – Secure Cryptosystem. Public Key Cryptosystems: The idea of public key cryptography – The Diffie– Hellman Key Agreement Protocol - RSA Cryptosystem – Bit security of RSA – ElGamal Encryption

UNIT-IV

Discrete Logarithm – Knapsack problem – Zero-Knowledge Protocols – From Cryptography to Communication Security - Oblivious Transfer. Primality and Factoring: Pseudo primes – the rho (γ) method – Format factorization and factor bases.

UNIT-V

The continued fraction method – the quadratic sieve method. Number Theory and Algebraic Geometry: Elliptic curves – basic facts – elliptic curve cryptosystems – elliptic curve primality test – elliptic curve factorization.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Neal Koblitz: "A Course in Number Theory and Cryptography", 2nd Edition, Springer,2002.
- 2. Johannes A. Buchman: "Introduction to Cryptography", 2nd Edition, Springer, 2004.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Serge Vaudenay: "Classical Introduction to Cryptography Applications for Communication Security", Springer, 2006.
- 2. Victor Shoup: "A Computational Introduction to Number Theory and Algebra", Cambridge University Press, 2005.
- 3. A. Manezes, P. Van Oorschot and S. Vanstone: "Hand Book of Applied Cryptography", CRC Press, 1996.