

**ADVANCED HEAT TRANSFER****Course Code:** 13ME2303**L P C**  
**4 0 3****Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- CO1 : Explain the general heat conduction equation, fin heat transfer, solution of two-dimensional steady state equation, and conduction shape factor
- CO2 : Describe the solution of transient heat conduction equation by analytical methods and by Heisler's charts, and laminar heat transfer for flow over a flat plate
- CO3 : Analyze heat transfer in laminar and turbulent flows through pipe, liquid metal and high speed flow, and describe pool and flow boiling
- CO4 : Compare external and in-tube film condensation, and explain working of a heat pipe
- CO5 : Explain radiation properties and apply radiation networks to calculate radiation exchange between surfaces, and gas radiation

**UNIT-I**

**General heat conduction equation:** Heat conduction equation in Cartesian, cylindrical, and spherical coordinates.

**One-dimensional steady state heat conduction:** Heat transfer from extended surfaces – infinitely long fin - rectangular and triangular fins – boundary conditions - fin performance.

**Two-dimensional steady state heat conduction:** Steady state two-dimensional heat conduction equation – boundary conditions – numerical solution by finite difference method.

Definition of conduction shape factor – conduction shape factor for a three-dimensional wall and for different other geometries.

**UNIT-II**

**Unsteady-state heat conduction:** Lumped heat capacity system - transient heat conduction in a semi-infinite rod - transient heat conduction in an infinite plate with convection boundary condition at the surface.

Transient heat conduction in an infinite cylinder exposed to a convection environment - transient heat conduction in a sphere - Heisler's charts.

**Forced convection-I:** Laminar boundary layer on a flat plate – Von Karman analysis through integral equations for hydrodynamic boundary layer thickness – energy balance equation and thermal boundary layer on a flat plate, turbulent boundary layer – mixing length and eddy viscosity.

### UNIT-III

**Forced convection-II:** Heat transfer in laminar tube flow – turbulent flow in a tube, heat transfer in high speed flow – liquid metal heat transfer – high speed heat transfer for a flat plate.

**Boiling:** Regimes of saturated pool boiling – Rohsenow's correlation for nucleate pool boiling, flow boiling: external flow boiling, internal flow boiling, two-phase flow regimes.

### UNIT-IV

**Condensation:** Nusselt's analysis for laminar film condensation on a vertical plate – condensate Reynolds number – film condensation inside horizontal tubes.

**Heat pipe:** Heat pipe components, materials and working fluids – Applications of heat pipe – Cooling of electronic components.

### UNIT-V

**Radiation heat transfer:** Radiation properties – Kirchhoff's law – Wien's displacement law – Planck's distribution law – black body - gray body. Radiation heat exchange between black isothermal surfaces - radiation shape factor, Irradiation–radiosity– space resistance – surface resistance – radiation networks – radiation between two hot plates enclosed by a room.

**Gas radiation:** Radiation exchange between a gas and a heat transfer surface - absorption in a gas layer - radiation network for an absorbing and transmitting medium, interaction of radiation with conduction and convection.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Holman, J.P., “*Heat Transfer*”, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2010.
2. David Reay and Peter Kew, “*Heat pipes – Theory, Design and Applications*”, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Butterworth and Heinemann (Elsevier), 2006.

**REFERENCES:**

1. M. Thirumaleswar, “*Fundamentals of Heat and Mass Transfer*”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2009.
2. Incropera, F.P., Dewitt, D.P., Bergman, T.L., Lavine, A.S., Seetharamu, K.N. and Seetharam, T.R., “*Fundamentals of Heat and Mass Transfer*”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, WileyIndia, 2013.
3. Sachdeva, T.R., “*Fundamentals of Engineering Heat and Mass Transfer*” (SI UNITS), 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, New Age International, 2010.